

AP Physics – Unit 2 – Dynamics - REVIEW

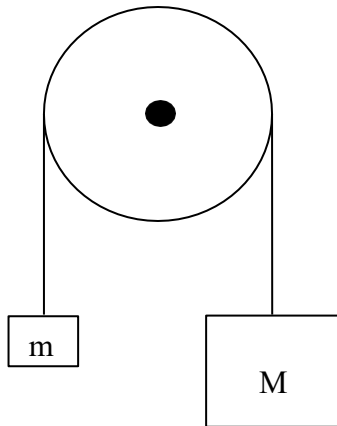
MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. You are standing in a moving bus, facing forward, and you suddenly fall forward. You can imply from this that the bus's
 - a. velocity decreased
 - b. velocity increased
 - c. speed remained the same, but it's turning to the right
 - d. speed remained the same, but it's turning to the left
 - e. speed remained the same, but you have vertigo
2. A net force F acts on a mass m and produces an acceleration a . What acceleration results if a net force $2F$ acts on mass $4m$?
 - a. $a/2$
 - b. $8a$
 - c. $4a$
 - d. $2a$
 - e. a
3. If you blow up a balloon, and then release it, the balloon will fly away. This is an illustration of
 - a. Newton's first law
 - b. Newton's second law
 - c. Newton's third law
 - d. Galileo's law of inertia
 - e. Ideal Gas law
4. Who has a greater weight-to-mass ratio, a person weighing 400 N or a person weighing 600N?
 - a. the person weighing 400 N
 - b. the person weighing 600 N
 - c. neither, their ratios are the same
 - d. the question can't be answered with the information given
 - e. the person eating the Fig Newtons

5. A person standing on a horizontal floor feels two forces: the downward pull of gravity and the upward supporting force from the floor. These two forces,
- have equal magnitudes and form an action/reaction pair
 - have equal magnitudes and but do not form an action/reaction pair
 - have unequal magnitudes and form an action/reaction pair
 - have equal magnitudes and do not form an action/reaction pair
 - none of the above
6. If all of the forces acting on an object balance so that the net force is zero, then
- the object must be at rest
 - the object's speed will decrease
 - the object will follow a parabolic trajectory
 - the object's direction of motion can change, but not its speed
 - None of the above
7. A block of mass m is at rest on a frictionless, horizontal table placed in a laboratory on the surface of the earth. An identical block is at rest on a frictionless, horizontal table placed on the surface of the moon. Let F be the net force necessary to give the earth-bound block an acceleration of a across the table. Given that g_{moon} is one-sixth of g_{earth} and that air resistance is neglected, the force necessary to give the moon-bound block the same acceleration a across the table is
- $F/12$
 - $F/6$
 - $F/3$
 - F
 - $6F$
8. A crate of mass 100 kg is at rest on a horizontal floor. The coefficient of static friction between the crate and the floor is 0.4, and the coefficient of kinetic friction is 0.3. A force F of magnitude 344 N is then applied to the crate, parallel to the floor. Which of the following is true?
- the crate will accelerate across the floor at 0.5 m/s^2
 - the static friction force will also have a magnitude of 344 N
 - the crate will slide across the floor at a constant speed of 0.5 m/s
 - the crate will not move
 - none of the above

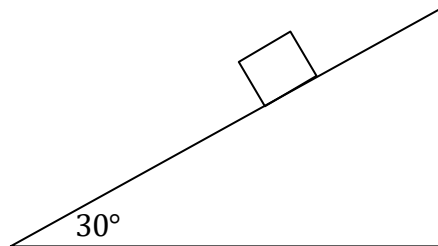
9. Two crates are stacked on top of each other on a horizontal floor; Crate #1 is on the bottom and Crate #2 is on the top. Both crates have the same mass. Compared to the strength of the force F_1 necessary to push Crate #1 by itself at a constant speed, the strength of the force F_2 necessary to push the two crates stacked together at constant speed is greater than F_1 because
- the normal force on Crate #1 is greater
 - the coefficient of kinetic friction between Crate #1 and the floor is greater
 - the force of kinetic friction, but not the normal force, on Crate #1 is greater
 - the coefficient of static friction between Crate #1 and the floor is greater
 - the weight of Crate #1 is greater
10. The amount of force needed to keep a 0.2 kg hockey puck moving at a constant speed of 7 m/s on frictionless ice is
- zero
 - 0.2 N
 - 0.7 N
 - 7 N
 - 70 N
11. Friction
- can only occur between two surfaces which are moving relative to one another
 - is equal to the normal force divided by the coefficient of friction
 - opposes the relative motion between two surfaces in contact
 - only depends on one of the surfaces in contact
 - is always equal to the applied force
12. A person who weighs 800 N steps onto a scale that is on the floor of an elevator car. If the elevator accelerates upward at a rate of 5 m/s^2 , what will the scale read? (use $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
- 400 N
 - 800 N
 - 1000 N
 - 1200 N
 - 1600 N
13. A frictionless inclined plane has a slant length of 20 m and a maximum vertical height of 5 m. If an object of mass 2 kg is placed on the plane, which of the following best approximates the net force it feels? (use $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
- 5 N
 - 10 N
 - 15 N
 - 20 N
 - 30 N

14. A 20 N block is being pushed across a horizontal table by an 18 N force. If the coefficient of kinetic friction between the block and the table is 0.4, find the acceleration of the block. (use $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
- 0.5 m/s^2
 - 1 m/s^2
 - 5 m/s^2
 - 7.5 m/s^2
 - 9 m/s^2
15. The coefficient of static friction between a box and a ramp is 0.5. The ramp's incline angle is 30° . If the box is placed at rest on the ramp, the box will
- accelerate down the ramp
 - accelerate briefly down the ramp but then slow down and stop
 - move with constant velocity down the ramp
 - not move
 - cannot be determined from the information given



16. Assuming the pulley above is frictionless and massless, determine the acceleration of the blocks once they are released from rest.
17. A force of 26 N is needed to overcome a frictional force of 5 N to accelerate a 3 kg mass across a floor. What is the acceleration of the mass?
- 4 m/s^2
 - 5 m/s^2
 - 7 m/s^2
 - 20 m/s^2
 - 60 m/s^2

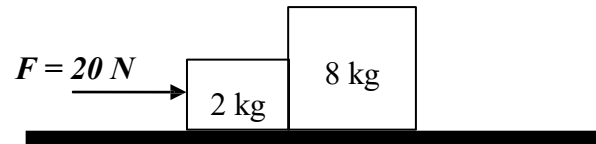
18. A force of 100 N directed at an angle of 45° from the horizontal pulls a 70 kg sled across a frozen frictionless pond. The acceleration of the sled is most nearly
- 1 m/s^2
 - 0.7 m/s^2
 - 7 m/s^2
 - 35 m/s^2
 - 50 m/s^2
19. Two blocks of mass m and $5m$ are connected by a light string which passes over a pulley of negligible mass and friction. What is the acceleration of the masses in terms of the acceleration due to gravity, g ?
- $4g$
 - $5g$
 - $6g$
 - $4/5g$
 - $2/3g$
20. A 1-kg block rests on a frictionless table and is connected by a light string to another block of mass 2kg. The string is passed over a pulley of negligible mass and friction, with the 2 kg mass hanging vertically. What is the acceleration of the masses?
- $5g$
 - $6.7g$
 - $10g$
 - $20g$
 - $30g$
21. A 2-kg wooden block rests on an inclined plane as shown below. The frictional force between the block and the plane is most nearly



- 2 N
- 10 N
- 12 N
- 17 N
- 20 N

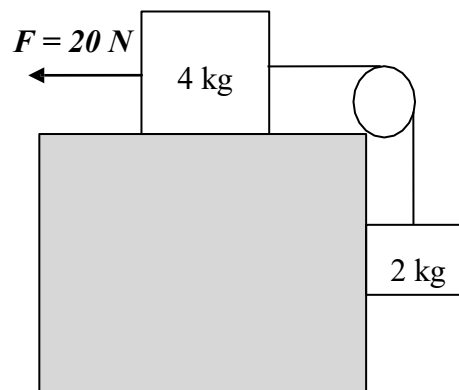
22. A hockey puck with a mass of 0.3 kg is sliding along ice that can be considered frictionless. The puck's velocity is 20 m/s. The puck now crosses over onto a floor that has a coefficient of kinetic friction equal to 0.35. How far will the puck travel across the floor before it stops?
- 3 m
 - 87 m
 - 48 m
 - 92 m
 - 58 m

23. A 20-N force is pushing two blocks horizontally along a frictionless floor as shown below



What is the force that the 8-kg mass exerts on the 2-kg mass?

- 4 N
 - 8 N
 - 16 N
 - 20 N
 - 24 N
-
24. According to the diagram below, what is the tension in the connecting string if the table is frictionless?

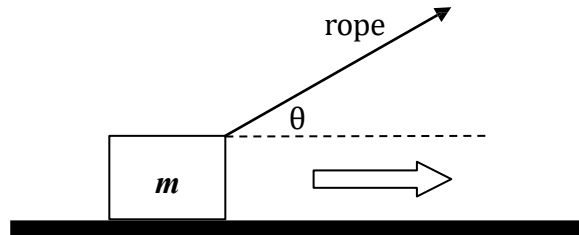


- 6.4 N
- 13 N
- 20 N
- 25 N
- 32 N

25. A mass M is released from rest on an incline that makes a 42° angle with the horizontal. In 3s, the mass is observed to have gone a distance of 3m. What is the coefficient of kinetic friction between the mass and the surface of the incline?
- a. 0.8
 - b. 0.7
 - c. 0.6
 - d. 0.5
 - e. 0.3

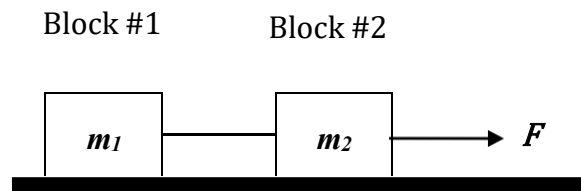
FREE RESPONSE

26. This question concerns the motion of a crate being pulled across a rough, horizontal floor by a rope. In the diagram below, the mass of the crate is m , the coefficient of kinetic friction between the crate and the floor is μ , and the tension in the rope is F_T .



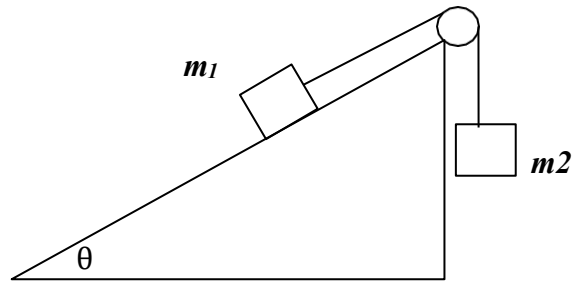
- a. Draw and label (using the given variables) a free-body diagram showing all the forces acting on the crate.
- b. Compute the normal force acting on the crate in terms of m , F_T , θ , and g .
- c. Compute the acceleration force of the crate in terms of m , F_T , θ , μ , and g .

27. In the diagram below, a massless string connects two blocks (masses m_1 and m_2 respectively) on a flat, frictionless tabletop. A force F pulls on Block #2, as shown.



- a. Draw and label (using the given variables) a free-body diagram showing all the forces acting on Block #1.
- b. Draw and label (using the given variables) a free-body diagram showing all the forces acting on Block #2.
- c. What is the acceleration of Block #1 in terms of F , m_1 and m_2 ?

28. In the figure shown below, assume that the pulley is frictionless and massless.



A. Derive an equation for the acceleration of mass m_1 .

B. If the coefficient of kinetic friction between the surface of the inclined plane and the box of mass m_1 is μ_k , derive an equation for a .