WKst: Review Unit 10 - FR

Free Response:

 $CH_3CH_2COOH(aq) + H_2O(l) \rightleftarrows CH_3CH_2COO^{-}(aq) + H_3O^{+}(aq)$

Propanoic acid, CH₃CH₂COOH, is a carboxylic acid that reacts with water according to the equation above. At 25°C the pH of a 50.0 mL sample of 0.20 M CH₃CH₂COOH is 2.79.

- (a) Identify a Brønsted-Lowry conjugate acid-base pair in the reaction. Clearly label which is the acid and which is the base.
- (b) Determine the value of K_a for propanoic acid at 25°C.
- (c) For each of the following statements, determine whether the statement is true or false. In each case, explain the reasoning that supports your answer.
 - (i) The pH of a solution prepared by mixing the 50.0 mL sample of 0.20 M CH₃CH₂COOH with a 50.0 mL sample of 0.20 M NaOH is 7.00.
 - (ii) If the pH of a hydrochloric acid solution is the same as the pH of a propanoic acid solution, then the molar concentration of the hydrochloric acid solution must be less than the molar concentration of the propanoic acid solution.

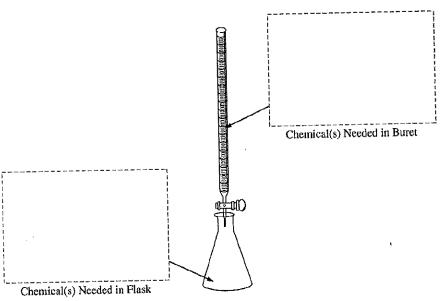
In a separate experiment, a 25.0 mL sample of 0.10 M NaOH is added to a second 50.0 mL sample of 0.20 M CH₃CH₂COOH.

- (d) Calculate the moles of CH₃CH₂COOH remaining in the solution.
- (e) Calculate the molar concentration of CH₃CH₂COO⁻(aq) in the solution.
- (f) Calculate the $[H_3O^+]$ and the pH of the solution.

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An experiment is performed to determine the molar mass of an unknown solid monoprotic acid, HA, by titration with a standardized NaOH solution.

- (a) What measurement(s) must be made to determine the number of moles of NaOH used in the titration?
- (b) Write a mathematical expression that can be used to determine the number of moles of NaOH used to reach the endpoint of the titration.
- (c) How can the number of moles of HA consumed in the titration be determined?
- (d) In addition to the measurement(s) made in part (a), what other measurement(s) must be made to determine the molar mass of the acid, HA?
- (e) Write the mathematical expression that is used to determine the molar mass of HA.
- (f) The following diagram represents the setup for the titration. In the appropriate boxes below, list the chemical(s) needed to perform the titration.



- (g) Explain what effect each of the following would have on the calculated molar mass of HA. Justify your answers.
 - (i) The original solid acid, HA, was not completely dry at the beginning of the experiment.
 - (ii) The procedure called for 25 mL of H_2O in the Erlenmeyer flask, but a student used 35 mL of H_2O .