AP Physics – 2 Dimensional Problems - Review

Include complete problem set-up: Given, find, Solution, diagram. Show the formulas you use and include units at all times,

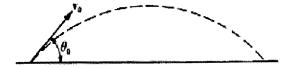
- 1. A cannon ball is shot with an initial velocity of 165.0 km/h at an angle of 25.0° with respect to the horizontal. What are the components of the cannon ball's velocity?
- 2. The first green at a golf course is 350.2 m away. If you drive the ball with your driver at an angle of 15.0 ° to the ground. What is the maximum height the ball will reach?
- 3. A storm occurring in the Pacific Ocean moved with speeds reaching a maximum of 126 km/h. Suppose a storm is moving north at this speed. If a gull flies east through the storm with a speed of 40.0 km/h relative to the air, what is the velocity of the gull relative to Earth?
- 4. Suppose a leatherback turtle swims across a river at 9.0 m/s relative to the water. If the current in the river is 3.0 m/s and it moves at a right angle to the turtle's motion, what is the turtle's displacement with respect to the river's bank after 1.0 min?
- 5. You drive to Wrigley Field tin most straightforward way from your hotel. You drive 4.1km west, then turn north and drive 17.3 km. Then turn 24.6° west of north for 1.2 km. What is your resultant displacement?
- 6. A lunch pail is accidentally kicked off a steel beam on a building under construction. Suppose the initial horizontal speed is 1.50 m/s. How far does the lunch pail fall after it travels 3.50 m horizontally?

7)

What AP Projectile Problems Look Like

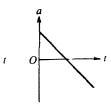
AP motion and acceleration problems almost always involve graphs or projectiles. Here is an example that involves both:

Q:

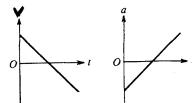


A projectile is fired with initial velocity v_o at an angle θ_o with the horizontal and follows the trajectory shown above. Which of the following pairs of graphs best represents the vertical components of the velocity and acceleration, v and a, respectively, of the projectile as functions of time t?

(A)



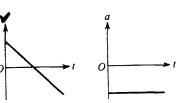
(B)



(C)

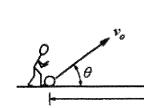


(D)



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Q: A ball of mass m, initially at rest, is kicked directly toward a fence from a point that is a distance d away, as shown above. The velocity of the ball as it leaves the kicker's foot is v_o at an angle of θ above the horizontal. The ball just clears the top of the fence, which has a height of h. The ball hits nothing while in flight and air resistance is negligible.



h

a. Determine the time, t, that it takes for the ball to reach the plane of the fence, in terms of v_o , θ , d, and appropriate physical constants.

b. What is the vertical velocity of the ball when it passes over the top of the fence?